

## CLAIMS

1. A monolithic semiconductor device comprising:  
5 a semiconductor substrate;  
a plurality of upright free-standing microstructures formed over the substrate; and  
a brace transversely extending between lateral sides of at least two of the free-standing microstructures.
- 10 2. The semiconductor device according to claim 1, wherein the brace interconnects substantially all of the microstructures.
3. The semiconductor device according to claim 1, where the brace is located substantially near upper ends of the microstructures.
- 15 4. The semiconductor device according to claim 1, wherein the brace has a width approximately equal to or less than the largest cross-sectional dimension of the microstructures.
- 20 5. The semiconductor device according to claim 1, wherein the brace comprises a microbridge structure extending above the substrate and between two or more of the microstructures.
6. The semiconductor device according to claim 1, where the microstructures each  
25 comprise a conductor material portion standing upright over the substrate, and wherein the brace interconnects the conductor material portions of two or more of the microstructures.
7. The semiconductor device according to claim 1, wherein the microstructures comprise generally cylindrical container shapes and the brace comprises a microbridge structure.

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8. The semiconductor device according to claim 1, wherein the microstructures comprise generally solid cylindrical shapes and the brace comprises a microbridge structure.

9. The semiconductor device according to claim 1, where the brace comprises a  
5 dielectric material.

10. The semiconductor device according to claim 1, further comprising a dielectric layer between the substrate and the brace, where the brace is vertically spaced from the dielectric layer.  
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11. The semiconductor device according to claim 1, wherein the microstructures comprise conductive material and the brace comprises a dielectric.

12. The semiconductor device according to claim 1, wherein the microstructures are  
15 defined within an active circuit area, and further comprising a die having non-active circuit areas located adjacent the active circuit area, wherein the brace further interconnects at least two of the microstructures with non-active areas of the die.

13. The semiconductor device according to claim 1, wherein the microstructures are stud  
20 capacitors.

14. The semiconductor device according to claim 1, wherein the microstructures are container capacitors.

25 15. The semiconductor device according to claim 1, wherein the microstructures comprise double-sided container capacitors.

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16. A semiconductor storage capacitor, comprising:  
a semiconductor substrate;  
a plurality of upright free-standing capacitor storage node microstructures formed over  
5 the substrate; and  
a brace transversely extending between lateral sides of at least two of the free-  
standing microstructures.

17. The semiconductor storage capacitor according to claim 16, wherein the brace  
10 interconnects substantially all of the microstructures.

18. The semiconductor storage capacitor according to claim 16, where the brace is located  
substantially near upper ends of the microstructures.

15 19. The semiconductor storage capacitor according to claim 16, wherein the brace has a  
width approximately equal to or less than the largest cross-sectional dimension of the  
microstructures.

20. The semiconductor storage capacitor according to claim 16, wherein the brace  
20 comprises a microbridge structure extending above the substrate and between two or more of  
the microstructures.

21. The semiconductor storage capacitor according to claim 16, where the microstructures  
each comprise a conductor material portion standing upright over the substrate, and wherein  
25 the brace interconnects the conductor material portions of two or more of the microstructures.

22. The semiconductor storage capacitor according to claim 16, wherein the  
microstructures comprise generally cylindrical container shapes and the brace comprises a  
microbridge structure.

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23. The semiconductor storage capacitor according to claim 16, wherein the microstructures comprise generally solid cylindrical shapes and the brace comprises a microbridge structure.

5 24. The semiconductor storage capacitor according to claim 16, where the brace comprises a dielectric material.

25. The semiconductor storage capacitor according to claim 16, further comprising a dielectric layer between the substrate and the brace, where the brace is vertically spaced from  
10 the dielectric layer.

26. The semiconductor storage capacitor according to claim 16, wherein the microstructures comprise conductive material and the brace comprises a dielectric.

15 27. The semiconductor storage capacitor according to claim 16, wherein the microstructures are defined within an active circuit area, and further comprising a die having non-active circuit areas located adjacent the active circuit area, wherein the brace further interconnects at least two of the microstructures with non-active areas of the die.

20 28. The semiconductor storage capacitor according to claim 16, wherein the microstructures are stud capacitors.

29. The semiconductor storage capacitor according to claim 16, wherein the microstructures are container capacitors.

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30. The semiconductor storage capacitor according to claim 16, wherein the microstructures comprise double-sided container capacitors.

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31. A memory circuit, comprising:  
a semiconductor substrate having a memory cell including diffusion regions;  
a dielectric layer on the substrate;  
conductive plugs extending vertically from an upper surface of the dielectric layer to  
5 respective diffusion regions;  
a plurality of upright free-standing capacitor storage node microstructures each  
formed over the dielectric layer and a respective conductive plug; and  
a brace transversely extending between and laterally supporting respective lateral sides  
of at least two of the free-standing microstructures.

10 32. The memory circuit according to claim 31, wherein the circuit comprises a DRAM.

33. The memory circuit according to claim 31, wherein the brace interconnects  
substantially all of the microstructures.

15 34. The memory circuit according to claim 31, where the brace is located substantially  
near upper ends of the microstructures.

20 35. The memory circuit according to claim 31, wherein the brace has a width  
approximately equal to or less than the largest cross-sectional dimension of the  
microstructures.

25 36. The memory circuit according to claim 31, wherein the brace comprises a  
microbridge structure extending above the substrate and between two or more of the  
microstructures.

30 37. The memory circuit according to claim 31, where the microstructures each comprise a  
conductor material portion standing upright over the substrate, and wherein the brace  
interconnects the conductor material portions of two or more of the microstructures.

38. The memory circuit according to claim 31, wherein the microstructures comprise generally cylindrical container shapes and the brace comprises a microbridge structure.

39. The memory circuit according to claim 31, wherein the microstructures comprise generally solid cylindrical shapes and the brace comprises a microbridge structure.

40. The memory circuit according to claim 31, where the brace comprises a dielectric material.

41. The memory circuit according to claim 31, where the brace is vertically spaced from the dielectric layer.

42. The memory circuit according to claim 31, wherein the microstructures comprise conductive material and the brace comprises a dielectric.

43. The memory circuit according to claim 31, wherein the microstructures are defined within an active circuit area, and further comprising a die having non-active circuit areas located adjacent the active circuit area, wherein the brace further interconnects at least two of the microstructures with non-active areas of the die.

44. The memory circuit according to claim 31, wherein the microstructures are stud capacitors.

45. The memory circuit according to claim 31, wherein the microstructures are container capacitors.

46. The memory circuit according to claim 31, wherein the microstructures comprise double-sided container capacitors.

47. A method of making a monolithic semiconductor device, comprising:  
providing a substrate;  
forming a plurality of upright free-standing microstructures formed over the substrate;  
and  
5 forming a brace transversely extending between lateral sides of at least two of the  
free-standing microstructures.

48. The method according to claim 47, further comprising the steps of:  
forming a dielectric layer on the substrate prior to forming the microstructures; and  
10 and forming a conductive plug extending vertically through the dielectric layer from  
an active region in the substrate to a bottom of a microstructure.

49. The method according to claim 47, wherein the forming of the microstructures  
comprises forming generally cylindrical shapes, and the forming of the brace comprises  
15 forming a microbridge structure.

50. The method according to claim 47, further comprising forming a dielectric layer  
between the substrate and the brace, where the forming of the brace comprises forming the  
brace as vertically spaced from the dielectric layer.

20 51. The method according to claim 47, further comprising at least three upright free-  
standing microstructures braced transversely between lateral sides thereof by the brace.

52. A method of fabricating a capacitor, comprising the steps of:  
25 forming a first dielectric layer over a substrate;  
forming first and second contact holes through the first dielectric layer exposing the  
substrate;  
filling the first and second contact holes with a conductive material to form respective  
first and second plugs;  
30 forming a second dielectric layer having a top surface over the first dielectric layer;

forming a first via hole and a second via hole through the second dielectric layer  
exposing the respective first and second plugs;  
introducing a polysilicon layer into the first via hole and the second via hole to form  
respective first and second polysilicon microstructures, where the microstructures  
5 have outside surfaces;  
forming a shallow trench in the top surface of the second dielectric, wherein the trench  
intersects the outside surfaces of both the first and second polysilicon  
microstructures;  
filling the shallow trench with a third dielectric material, where the third dielectric is  
10 different from the second dielectric material;  
selectively etching and removing the second dielectric layer and leaving the  
first and second polysilicon microstructures with the third dielectric layer attached  
therebetween forming a brace support;  
forming a hemispherical grain film over the first and second polysilicon  
15 microstructures;  
forming a capacitor dielectric layer over the hemispherical grain film; and  
forming a top electrode over the capacitor dielectric layer.

53. The method according to claim 52, wherein the second dielectric layer comprises a  
20 first dielectric material and the third dielectric layer comprises a second dielectric material,  
wherein the first and second dielectric materials are different from each other.

54. The method according to claim 52, wherein the second dielectric layer comprises a  
BPSG layer and the third dielectric layer comprises a silicon nitride layer.

55. The method according to claim 52, wherein hemispherical grain film comprises  
conductively doped polysilicon.

56. The method according to claim 52, wherein the capacitor dielectric layer comprises a  
30 silicon nitride layer and the top electrode comprises a polysilicon layer.



57. The method according to claim 52, wherein the brace formed interconnects substantially all of the microstructures.

5 58. The method according to claim 52, where the brace formed is located substantially near upper ends of the microstructures.

59. The method according to claim 52, wherein the brace formed has a width approximately equal to or less than the largest cross-sectional dimension of the  
10 microstructures.

60. The method according to claim 52, wherein the brace formed comprises a microbridge structure extending above the substrate and between two or more of the microstructures.

15 61. The method according to claim 52, where the microstructures formed each comprise a conductor material portion standing upright over the substrate, and wherein the brace formed interconnects the conductor material portions of two or more of the microstructures.

62. The method according to claim 52, further comprising forming additional  
20 microstructures and wherein the microstructures formed are defined within an active circuit area, and providing a die having non-active circuit areas located adjacent the active circuit area, wherein the brace formed further interconnects at least two microstructures with non-active areas of the die.

25 63. A method of fabricating a double sided capacitor container, comprising the steps of:  
forming a first dielectric layer over a substrate;  
forming first and second contact holes through the first dielectric layer exposing the  
substrate;  
filling the first and second contact holes with a conductive material to form respective  
30 first and second plugs;

forming a second dielectric layer having a top surface over the first dielectric layer;  
forming a first via hole and a second via hole through the second dielectric layer  
exposing the respective first and second plugs;

lining the first via hole and the second via hole with a polysilicon layer to form  
5        respective first and second polysilicon cylindrical containers, each having inside and  
outside surfaces;

forming a shallow trench in the top surface of the second dielectric, wherein the trench  
intersects the outside surfaces of both the first and second polysilicon containers;

filling the shallow trench with a third dielectric material, where the third dielectric is  
10        different from the second dielectric material;

selectively etching and removing the second dielectric layer and leaving the  
first and second polysilicon containers with the third dielectric layer attached  
therebetween forming a brace support;

forming a hemispherical grain film on the inside and outside surfaces of the  
15        first and second polysilicon containers;

forming a capacitor dielectric layer over the hemispherical grain film; and  
forming a top electrode over the capacitor dielectric layer.

64.     The method according to claim 63, wherein the second dielectric layer comprises  
20     BPSG and the third dielectric layer comprises silicon nitride.

65.     The method according to claim 63, wherein hemispherical grain film comprises  
conductively doped poly.

25     66.     The method according to claim 63, wherein the capacitor dielectric comprises silicon  
nitride and the top electrode comprises poly.

67. A method of fabricating a capacitor having studs, comprising the steps of:  
forming a first dielectric layer over a substrate;  
forming first and second contact holes through the first dielectric layer exposing the  
substrate;  
5 filling the first and second contact holes with a conductive material to form respective  
first and second plugs;  
forming a second dielectric layer having a top surface over the first dielectric layer;  
forming a first via hole and a second via hole through the second dielectric layer  
exposing the respective first and second plugs;  
10 filling the first via hole and the second via hole with a conductive material to form  
respective first and second studs;  
removing conductive material present on the flat surfaces of the second dielectric  
layer;  
forming a shallow trench in the top surface of the second dielectric, wherein the trench  
15 intersects the outside surfaces of both the first and second studs;  
filling the shallow trench with a third dielectric material, where the third dielectric is  
different from the second dielectric material;  
selectively etching and removing the second dielectric layer and leaving the  
first and second studs with the third dielectric layer attached therebetween forming a  
20 brace support;  
forming a hemispherical grain film on the outside surfaces of the first and second  
studs;  
forming a capacitor dielectric layer over the hemispherical grain film; and  
forming a top electrode over the capacitor dielectric layer.

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68. The method according to claim 67, wherein the second dielectric layer comprises  
BPSG and the third dielectric layer comprises silicon nitride.

69. The method according to claim 67, wherein hemispherical grain film comprises  
30 conductively doped poly.

70. The method according to claim 67, wherein the capacitor dielectric comprises silicon nitride and the top electrode comprises poly.

71. The method according to claim 67, wherein the studs comprise a conductive material selected from the group consisting of Al, Al-alloys, W, and doped polysilicon.

72. A memory device, comprising:

a memory chip comprising a memory circuit fabricated on the memory chip,

said memory circuit comprising:

a semiconductor substrate having a memory cell including diffusion regions;

a dielectric layer on the substrate;

conductive plugs extending vertically from an upper surface of the dielectric layer to respective diffusion regions;

a plurality of upright free-standing capacitor storage node microstructures each formed over the dielectric layer and a respective conductive plug; and

a brace transversely extending between and laterally supporting respective lateral sides of at least two of the free-standing microstructures.

73. A memory module, comprising:

a die substrate comprising a circuit board;

a plurality of memory chips mounted on the die substrate, wherein one or more of the memory chips comprise a memory circuit fabricated on the semiconductor chip communicating with the processor, said memory circuit comprising:

a semiconductor substrate having a memory cell including diffusion regions;

a dielectric layer on the substrate;

conductive plugs extending vertically from an upper surface of the dielectric layer to respective diffusion regions;

a plurality of upright free-standing capacitor storage node microstructures each formed over the dielectric layer and a respective conductive plug; and

a brace transversely extending between and laterally supporting respective lateral sides of at least two of the free-standing microstructures; and.  
an edge connector along one edge of the die substrate.

- 5     74.     A processor system, comprising:  
a processor; and  
a memory circuit fabricated on a semiconductor chip communicating with the processor, said memory circuit comprising:  
10             a semiconductor substrate having a memory cell including diffusion regions;  
a dielectric layer on the substrate;  
conductive plugs extending vertically from an upper surface of the dielectric layer to respective diffusion regions;  
a plurality of upright free-standing capacitor storage node microstructures each formed over the dielectric layer and a respective conductive plug; and  
15             a brace transversely extending between and laterally supporting respective lateral sides of at least two of the free-standing microstructures.

75.     The processor system according to claim 74, wherein the memory circuit comprises a DRAM.

20     76.     The processor system according to claim 74, wherein the capacitor microstructures comprises capacitor containers.

77.     The processor system according to claim 74, wherein the capacitor microstructures  
25     comprises capacitor studs.